the King's Bench, and so to refer the farther proceedings therein to them.

See the other Title, Forcible Entry.

the Justi-

And although these Statutes do inflict no penalty upon the Justices of Official of Peace, if they shall not execute these Statutes; yet if upon complaint (or other notice given of fuch Force) they shall not at least remove the Force,

record it, and commit the Offenders, they are punishable.

In the Case of Drayton Basset (in the County of Stafford) about An. 22 Eliz. certain Justices of Peace of that County, although they dwelt not near to the place) where a great Riot was committed by a forcible Detainer, were for their Default fined in the Star-Chamber, upon the Statute of 17 R.2.c.8. (as M. Crompton reporterh) which Statute is, That the Sheriff, and all other the Kings Officers, shall suppress Rioters which shall Assemble themselves in outragious or greater numbers, Se Cromp. Author. des Courts,

fol. 32

Although the Justice of Peace ought to commit to the Gaol, and may fine all such as he shall see continuing their Force at his coming to the place; yet upon Force found by the Enquiry only, and not viewed and feen by the Justice, (although this Presentment of the Jury be a Conviction of the Offenders, yet) it seemeth the Justice of Peace may neither fine nor fend to the Gaol the faid Offenders, by the Statute of 8 H 6. which appointeth the Enquiry: for the Justice hath power by the said Statute to make Restitution only, as saith M. Lambert 162. yet M. Crompton holdeth the contrary sc. that the party indicted shall be fined for the Force found, although the Statute of 8 H.6. speaketh not of the Fine.

But howsoever the Justice of Peace (upon Force found by the Enquiry) 161. b. is to remove the Offenders that be present, that so he may restore the other, 162, a. and may bind the Offenders to their Good Behaviour; and if the Offenders be gone, yet the Justice may make his Warrant to take the Offenders, and may after fend them to the Gaol, until they have found Sureties for

their Good Behaviour.

Note, that if such Forcible Entry or Detainer shall be made by Three persons or more, then it is also a Riot; and then (if there be no former Enquiry thereof made) it seemeth the two next Justices of Peace (upon notice thereof) ought to enquire thereof (as a R ot) by a Jury, within One month, upon pain to either of them making default to forfeit Cro. 68.6

Also One Justice of Peace may (as it seemeth) Hear and Determine the 8 H. 6. 9.

Defaults of Defaults of Sheriff and Bailiss, in not returning sufficient Jurors (whereof P. Just. 8.9.

Rash. 1746 every oneshall have Lands, &c. to the value of Forty shillings by the year Sheriffs. at the least) before him, to inquire of tuch Forcible Entry or Detainer: and the faid Justice of Peace may proceed therein as well by Bill, at the Suit of the party grieved, for himself, as also by Indictment only for the King; and the same Process shall be made against such persons indicted or Sued by Bill in this behalf, as should be made against persons Indicted or

Sued by Writ of Trespals with Force and Arms against the Rings Peace. What the Process in such case is, vid. tit. process.

And though any one Justice of Peace may proceed in every of these former Cases of Forcible Entry or Detainer, as aforesaid, yet if Two or more Justices shall joyn therein together, it is better; for Plus vident osuli quam oculus ; & securius expediuntur negotia commissa pluribus. Co.

Corporate Iowns.

Also the Mayor, Justice or Justices of Peace, and the Sheriffs and Bai- 8 H. 6.9 liffs of Ciries, and Boroughs having Franchife, shall have in the said Ciry, Rast. 174 Towns and Boroughs, like Authority to remove such Entries, and to in-